Local Property Tax – 2014

- The tax applies to the owners of all residential property in Ireland, even if resident outside Ireland. This includes main homes, second/holiday homes and rental properties.
- The tax for years 2014, 2015 and 2016 is based on the market value of the property on 1 May 2013. No deduction is given for loans secured on the property
- The tax is applied at a rate of 0.18% on the market value of properties up to EUR1m. A rate of 0.25% applies on the value in excess of EUR1m (see schedule attached)
- The owner must self assess the value of their property as at the valuation date of 1 May 2013
- The household charge (EUR100) and NPPR charge (EUR200) have been abolished and do not apply in 2014
- The tax cannot be deducted from rental income when calculating taxable rental profits. Tax relief on a phased basis may be introduced in the future
- Tax for 2014 is due on 1 January 2014. If making a single payment by bank transfer the tax is due on 21 March 2014. It is also possible to pay by monthly direct debit.

Exemptions (there are few!)

- (i) New or unused properties purchased from a builder/developer between 1 January 2013 and 31 October 2016 are exempt up to and including 2016
- (ii) Properties purchased in 2013 and used as the buyer's sole or main residence are exempt up to and including 2016
- (iii) Property located in certain unfinished housing estates ("ghost estates")
- (iv) Property where the owner has left due to long term illness or infirmity
- (v) Property owned by certain charities and used for recreational activities of the charity
- (vi) Property subject to commercial rates and wholly used as a dwelling
- (vii) Property which is part of the trading stock of a business provided that the property has never produced any income and has never been used as a dwelling.

Kennelly Tax Advisers January 2014

